### **AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT**

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.	<del>.</del>		1		
Local Government Type:  Local Government N  City of Chalcas	Name:		Count	•	
City Township Village Other City of Chelsea			Wash		
Audit Date Opinion Date		ate Accountant R	•	itted To State:	
June 30, 2005 October 4, 2005		ecember 29, 200		11	
We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government a with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (**Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan** by the Michigan Dept.  We affirm that:  1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Goto.  2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan.  We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the and recommendations.  You must check the applicable box for each item below:  yes no 1. Certain component units/funds/agencies of the local yes no 2. There are accumulated deficits in one or more of the yes no 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the U yes no 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either a order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan yes no 5. The local unit holds deposits/investments which de [MCL 129.91] or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 129.91] or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 129.91] or P.A. 55 of 1982. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement yes no 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement costs in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year. If the plan is reasonable in the current year.	cal unit are excludents unit's unreserved unit are excludents unit's unreserved unit order issued under Act.  o not comply with some cal unit are excludents unit's unreserved unit order issued under Act.  o not comply with some call (Article 9, Semore than 100% further than 100% further issued unit or than 100% further issued un	inion on financial iform Reporting I ry.  gan as revised.  ents, including the different finance of fund balances/rand Budgeting A ger the Municipal Fitatutory requirement for the collected for ection 24) to fund anded and the overear).	statements Format for F e notes, or in e notes, or in ct (P.A. 2 of Finance Act of ents. (P.A. 2 another taxi current year erfunding cre	inancial Statements. In the report of comments. In the report of comments. In 1968, as amend or its requirements.	ents for nments (1980). led). s, or an nended penefits nan the
yes on 9. The local unit has not adopted an investment police.	cy as required by P	'.A. 196 ot 199 <i>1</i> (		,	
We have enclosed the following:		Enclosed	To Be Forward		
The letter of comments and recommendations.		$\boxtimes$			
Reports on individual federal assistance programs (program audits).					
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).					
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name): Plante & Mora	an, PLLC				
Street Address	City		State	ZIP	
100 Oakbrook Drive, Suite 400	Ann Arbor		MI	48178	
Accountant Signature  Alente & Morse, PLLC					

Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
for the Sixteen-month Period Ended
June 30, 2005

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### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of the City Council City of Chelsea, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chelsea, Michigan as of June 30, 2005 and for the sixteen-month period then ended, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Chelsea, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chelsea, Michigan as of June 30, 2005 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the sixteen-month period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the Members of the City Council City of Chelsea, Michigan

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Chelsea, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 4, 2005

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Chelsea's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the sixteen months ended June 30, 2005. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

### Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the sixteen months ended June 30, 2005:

- The electorate approved a new City Charter establishing the City of Chelsea on March 8, 2004. Section 9.1 of the City Charter established the City's fiscal and budget year beginning on July 1 and ending on June 30. The Village of Chelsea's fiscal year began on March 1.
  - The City Manager sought guidance from the Michigan Department of Treasury Local Audit and Finance Division concerning this transition year. The City Manager requested and received approval to establish a sixteen-month budget and audit for the period beginning March 1, 2004 and ending June 30, 2005. Thereafter, the City would establish a twelve-month budget beginning July 1, 2005.
- The fund balance in the General Fund decreased from \$380,684 to \$155,407. This decrease was the result of expenses exceeding revenues due to the sixteen-month budget being funded with revenues that would essentially support a twelve-month budget. Major anticipated expenditure overruns included \$65,402 in police wages, \$93,000 in General Fund support of the Local Street Fund, \$76,151 in employee benefits, and \$65,962 to reconcile Chelsea's share of the Chelsea Area Fire Authority's fiscal year 2004-2005 budget. The City amended its budget accordingly to address these potential shortfalls.
- State-shared revenue, the City's second largest General Fund revenue source after real and
  personal property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT), exceeded budget projections
  by \$41,896, resulting in total state-shared revenue of \$546,896. The amount received during
  the current fiscal year was \$78,802 greater than the previous year. However, this increase
  was the result of additional revenues received during the sixteen-month budget period.

The State of Michigan has held state-shared revenue steady over the past fiscal year. State-shared revenue for local governments mandated by the Michigan Constitution increased slightly due to increased sales tax collections statewide. However, the Legislature decreased statutory state-shared revenue for cities and villages, which offset any increases. The City has accommodated the loss of state-shared revenue since 2001 by decreasing core expenses where possible, decreasing fund balance, deferring capital improvement and capital equipment expenditures, and increasing support from Enterprise Funds and Special Revenue Funds for certain appropriate services that are performed by departments within the General Fund.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

Unfortunately, increases in state-shared revenue support of local government are unlikely to come anytime soon, so conservative projections for this revenue source will be called for in future budgets.

• Cash and cash equivalents in the Electric Fund decreased from \$513,120 in the previous year to \$300 in the current year. Electric rates have not increased in over 15 years. Electric Fund revenues have been stable while the cost of electricity has been rising. The cost of electricity on a monthly average increased 11.17 percent compared to the prior fiscal year, while revenues from charges for services only increased 1.44 percent on a monthly average. A cost-of-service study is underway and results are expected mid-year of the 2005-2006 fiscal year.

### **Using this Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

### The City as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current date and compared to the prior year:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	February 29,		February 29,		February 29,		
	2004	June 30, 2005	2004	June 30, 2005	2004	June 30, 2005	
Assets							
Current assets	\$ 3,603,228	\$ 4,070,667	\$ 2,678,779	\$ 2,681,022	\$ 6,282,007	\$ 6,751,689	
Noncurrent assets	41,925,570	40,091,918	28,036,442	27,802,940	69,962,012	67,894,858	
Total assets	45,528,798	44,162,585	30,715,221	30,483,962	76,244,019	74,646,547	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	559,584	885,029	2,058,822	1,918,469	2,618,406	2,803,498	
Long-term liabilities	3,144,866	2,992,824	9,702,243	8,810,000	12,847,109	11,802,824	
Total liabilities	3,704,450	3,877,853	11,761,065	10,728,469	15,465,515	14,606,322	
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets -							
Net of related debt	39,620,832	37,839,757	16,949,418	17,816,517	56,570,250	55,656,274	
Restricted	1,547,328	2,086,846	129,251	436,111	1,676,579	2,522,957	
Unrestricted	656,188	358,129	1,875,487	1,502,865	2,531,675	1,860,994	
Total net assets	\$ 41,824,348	\$ 40,284,732	\$ 18,954,156	\$ 19,755,493	\$ 60,778,504	\$ 60,040,225	

The City's combined net assets decreased 1.21 percent from a year ago, decreasing from \$60.78 million to \$60.04 million. Total net assets related to the City's governmental activities decreased by 3.68 percent or \$1,539,616. Net capital assets being depreciated for governmental activities decreased by \$1,907,211.

Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, decreased by \$298,059 for the governmental activities. This represents a decrease of 45.42 percent. The current level of unrestricted net assets for the City's governmental activities is \$358,129, or 7.06 percent of total governmental expenditures, once adjusted for a twelve-month period. This is below a desired target level. Unrestricted net assets as a percentage of total governmental expenditures for the previous year was 10.28 percent. Typically, a range of 20 percent to 30 percent is desired.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

The following table shows the changes of the net assets during the current year and as compared to the prior year:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	Year Ended February 29, 2004	Sixteen Months Ended June 30, 2005	Year Ended February 29, 2004	Sixteen Months Ended June 30, 2005	Year Ended February 29, 2004	Sixteen Months Ended June 30, 2005		
Net Assets - Beginning of year				_				
(as restated)	\$ 43,900,137	\$ 41,824,346	\$ 19,246,999	\$ 19,265,906	\$ 63,147,136	\$ 61,090,252		
Revenue								
Program revenue:								
Charges for services	749,614	1,038,595	7,283,784	10,026,410	8,033,398	11,065,005		
Capital grants and								
contributions	346,664	459,307	595,182	1,811,225	941,846	2,270,532		
General revenue:								
Property taxes	2,538,696	2,973,344	35,626	77,596	2,574,322	3,050,940		
State-shared revenue	451,456	583,151	-	_	451,456	583,151		
Unrestricted investment								
earnings	66,134	175,093	73,102	41,365	139,236	216,458		
Transfers and other								
revenue	153,766	(9,196)	(153,766)	9,196				
Total revenue	4,306,330	5,220,294	7,833,928	11,965,792	12,140,258	17,186,086		
Program Expenses								
General government	1,018,494	1,487,815	-	_	1,018,494	1,487,815		
Public safety	1,479,926	1,409,600	-	-	1,479,926	1,409,600		
Public works	3,783,214	3,514,004	-	-	3,783,214	3,514,004		
Community and economic								
development	-	229,142	-	-	-	229,142		
Recreation and culture	41,295	46,236	-	-	41,295	46,236		
Interest on long-term debt	59,190	73,111	-	-	59,190	73,111		
Water, sewer, and electric			8,126,771	11,476,205	8,126,771	11,476,205		
Total program								
expenses	6,382,119	6,759,908	8,126,771	11,476,205	14,508,890	18,236,113		
Change in Net Assets	(2,075,789)	(1,539,614)	(292,843)	489,587	(2,368,632)	(1,050,027)		
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 41,824,348	\$ 40,284,732	\$ 18,954,156	\$ 19,755,493	\$ 60,778,504	\$ 60,040,225		

### **Governmental Activities**

The City's total revenues for governmental activities were \$5,220,294, an increase of 21.22 percent from the previous year.

Expenses were \$6,759,908 during the year, an increase of 5.92 percent from the previous year. Many expenses increased due to the sixteen-month fiscal year.

In the General Fund, the actual property tax revenues compared to the budgeted revenues shows a shortfall of \$181,209. This variance is primarily the result of the practice of applying property tax refunds and tax increment finance district transfers against budgeted revenues rather than creating an expenditure line item for these items.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

City departments in the General Fund exceeded the original budget overall by more than \$276,000. Major expenditure overruns include police wages, employee health care insurance and wage-based benefits, fuel costs, planning and zoning professional services, and the reconciliation of Chelsea's share of the Chelsea Area Fire Authority's fiscal year 2004-2005 budget. These overruns were offset by deferral of certain maintenance projects and capital purchases, and a decrease in legal expenses.

### **Business-type Activities**

The City's business-type activities consist of the Water, Sewer, and Electric Funds. The City provides water to residents from five groundwater wells and processes the water through a water treatment plant that provides iron removal and reverse osmosis softening. Sewage treatment is provided through a City-owned and operated sewage treatment plant. The City provides electrical service to its residents and businesses with power purchase agreements with the Michigan Public Power Agency and Constellation Energy.

The City contracted with Utility Financial Solutions to conduct a comprehensive cost-of-service study for its water, sewer, and electric utilities. Initial drafts of the study will have indicated the need for rate increases for all three services over the next five years.

The Electric Fund had an operating loss of \$727,408 primarily due to an increase in the cost of electricity, especially transmission costs as these generation and transmission components of the electric grid are broken apart. The Wastewater (Sewer) Fund had an operating loss of \$455,292. This loss was offset by customer connection fees due to significant development that took place during the current year. The Water Fund recorded operating income of \$110,397 primarily due to lower personnel expenses as well as the effect of a water rate increase in February 2004. The Water Fund also received significant revenue from customer connection fees.

### The City's Funds

Our analysis of the City's major funds follows the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. The City Board creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages. The City's major funds for the current year include the General Fund, the Coliseum Drive Capital Project Fund, and Major Roads Fund.

An analysis of the General Fund was presented earlier in this discussion and analysis.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

As of June 30, 2005, the City had approximately \$67.2 million (net of depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets including roads, buildings, equipment, and water, sewer, and electric lines.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

On November 30, 2004, Moody's Investor Service affirmed their A3 rating on the City's outstanding \$630,000 general obligation unlimited tax debt.

More detailed information concerning capital assets and long-term debt can be found in Notes 4 and 6, respectively, in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The City's 2005-2006 fiscal year budget was able to maintain the same property tax rate. This is primarily the result of growth in the City's tax base. A State-imposed moratorium on new water lines as well as hydraulic capacity problems in the wastewater system has temporarily stopped several large developments in the City including the future phases of the Heritage Pointe Development. This may have implications for property tax growth in the 2006-2007 fiscal year.

The temporary suspension of development may also affect projected utility connection revenues for the 2005-2006 fiscal year budget depending on whether the solutions to water system firm capacity and wastewater system hydraulic capacity problem can be in place to allow developments to proceed in the last quarter of the 2005-2006 fiscal year.

The City's commercial and industrial areas continue to be viable. Expansion of one of Chelsea's major employer's facility is expected in the next year. Redevelopment of the Chelsea Clocktower continues to proceed and the spaces are being leased. The Clocktower is expected to become a commercial destination for persons inside and outside of the Chelsea area.

The City Council may be requested during the 2005-2006 fiscal year to implement rate increases for the water, wastewater, and electric utilities following the results of the cost-of-service study to be presented in the third quarter of the fiscal year. The connection fees, which have been a major source of revenue to the Water and Sewer Funds, may have to be reexamined based on feedback that these fees are making Chelsea uncompetitive in attracting new businesses to the City.

The wide fluctuations in the City's contributions to the Chelsea Area Fire Authority are having serious impact on the General Fund budget. This is based on the formula used to determine budget share set forth in the intergovernmental agreement and may not stabilize in the near future.

The City is exploring options for a new municipal office facility, police station, and a possible public works building expansion. These projects may require the issuance of bonds.

### **Contacting the City's Management**

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the City's office.

### Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

		P						
	Go	vernmental	Βι	usiness-type			С	omponent
		Activities	Activities			Total	Units	
Assets								
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	2,522,135	\$	1,444,232	\$	3,966,367	\$	299,734
Receivables:								
Taxes		37,903		-		37,903		-
Customers		11,538		1,062,980		1,074,518		-
Special assessments (Note 3)		680,505		-		680,505		-
Other		61,656		-		61,656		203
Internal balances		558,556		(558,556)		-		-
Due from other governmental units		198,374		250,000		448,374		_
Inventories		_		477,833		477,833		_
Prepaid costs and other assets		-		4,533		4,533		-
Restricted assets (Note 7)		-		436,111		436,111		-
Investment in joint ventures (Note 10)		293,298		-		293,298		_
Capital assets - Net (Note 4):								
Nondepreciated		4,539,575		1,784,331		6,323,906		586,737
Depreciated		35,259,045		25,582,498		60,841,543		1,829,448
Total assets		44,162,585		30,483,962		74,646,547		2,716,122
i Otal assets		44,162,363		30,403,762		74,040,347		2,710,122
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		80,370		923,139		1,003,509		60,003
Accrued and other liabilities		179,493		160,172		339,665		65
Tax anticipation note		304,200		-		304,200		_
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 6):								
Due within one year		320,966		835,158		1,156,124		120,000
Due in more than one year		2,992,824		8,810,000	_	11,802,824		560,000
Total liabilities		3,877,853	_	10,728,469		14,606,322		740,068
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets - Net of								
related debt		37,839,757		17,816,517		55,656,274		1,736,185
Restricted:		,,.		,,		,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Streets and highways		1,368,751		_		1,368,751		_
Law enforcement		165,496		_		165,496		_
Solid waste activities		137,764		_		137,764		_
Storm water utility		41,955		_		41,955		_
Debt service		336,592		436,111		772,703		_
Capital projects		36,288		-		36,288		_
Unrestricted		358,129		1,502,865	_	1,860,994		239,869
Total net assets	\$	40,284,732	<u>\$</u>	19,755,493	\$	60,040,225	<u>\$</u>	1,976,054

			Program Revenues						
	Operat					Operating	Capital Grants		
			(	Charges for	(	Grants and		and	
		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	C	ontributions	
	-	•							
Functions/Programs									
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	1,487,815	\$	312,609	\$	2,876	\$	-	
Public safety		1,409,600		-		33,582		-	
Public works		3,514,004		655,245		422,849		-	
Community and economic development		229,142		70,741		_		-	
Recreation and culture		46,236		_		_			
Interest on long-term debt		73,111	_						
Total governmental activities		6,759,908		1,038,595		459,307		_	
Business-type activities:									
Water		1,919,392		1,724,246		-		1,001,165	
Sewer		1,438,985		932,123		-		806,560	
Electric		8,117,828	_	7,370,041				3,500	
Total business-type activities		11,476,205	_	10,026,410				1,811,225	
Total primary government	\$	18,236,113	<u>\$</u>	11,065,005	\$	459,307	\$	1,811,225	
Component units:									
Downtown Development Authority	\$	212,150	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Economic Development Corporation		386	_						
Total component units	\$	212,536	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	_	\$		

General revenues:

Property taxes

State-shared revenues

Unrestricted investment earnings

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

### **Change in Net Assets**

Net Assets - Beginning of period - As restated (Note 11)

Net Assets - End of period

## Statement of Activities Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

	Net (Ex	pense) Revenue a	ınd (	Changes in Ne	et Assets
	Pr	imary Governme	nt		
G	overnmental	Business-type			Component
	Activities	Activities		Total	Units
\$	(1,172,330)	\$ -	\$	(1,172,330)	\$ -
	(1,376,018)	-		(1,376,018)	-
	(2,435,910)	-		(2,435,910)	-
	(158,401)	-		(158,401)	-
	(46,236)	-		(46,236)	-
	(73,111)			(73,111)	
	(5,262,006)	-		(5,262,006)	-
	_	806,019		806,019	_
	-	299,698		299,698	-
_		(744,287)	_	(744,287)	
		361,430		361,430	
	(5,262,006)	361,430		(4,900,576)	-
	<u>-</u>	- -		<u>-</u>	(212,150) (386)
	-	-		-	(212,536)
	2,973,344	77,596		3,050,940	498,013
	583,151 175,093	- 41,365		583,151 216,458	- 2,21 <i>7</i>
	(9,196)	9,196		-	-
	3,722,392	128,157		3,850,549	500,230
	(1,539,614)	489,587		(1,050,027)	287,694
	41,824,346	19,265,906	_	61,090,252	1,688,360

<u>\$40,284,732</u> <u>\$19,755,493</u> <u>\$60,040,225</u> <u>\$1,976,054</u>

### Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

	Major Funds					_				
										Total
							Oth	ner Nonmajor	G	overnmental
	General		Col	liseum Drive	M	ajor Roads		Funds		Funds
Assets										
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	120,788	\$	36,285	\$	759,252	\$	1,605,810	\$	2,522,135
Receivables:										
Taxes		31,647		-		-		6,256		37,903
Customers		-		-		-		11,538		11,538
Special assessments (Note 3)		-		680,505		-		-		680,505
Other		59,384		-		-		-		59,384
Due from other funds (Note 5)		450,187		-		12,298		384,150		846,635
Due from other governmental units		57,191				43,363		15,755		116,309
Total assets	\$	719,197	\$	716,790	\$	814,913	\$	2,023,509	\$	4,274,409
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	49,928	\$	_	\$	14,601	\$	12.027	\$	76,556
Accrued and other liabilities	,	130,020	,	_	*	-	*	21,868	*	151,888
Due to other funds (Note 5)		79,642		_		11,789		89,470		180,901
Tax anticipation note		304,200		_		- 11,707		-		304,200
Deferred revenue (Note 3)		-		680,502		-		-		680,502
2 515.1. 52 1 51.51.125 (1.1515 5)					_		_		_	
Total liabilities		563,790		680,502		26,390		123,365		1,394,047
Fund Balances										
Reserved for:										
Streets and highways		-		-		733,012		580,228		1,313,240
Law enforcement		-		-		-		165,496		165,496
Solid waste maintenance		-		-		-		137,764		137,764
Storm water utility		-		-		-		41,955		41,955
Debt service		-		-		-		336,592		336,592
Unreserved, designated for subsequent										
year's budget		-		-		55,511		-		55,511
Unreserved, reported in:										
General Fund		155,407		-		-		-		155,407
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		372,040		372,040
Capital Projects Funds				36,288				266,069		302,357
Total fund balances		155,407		36,288		788,523	_	1,900,144		2,880,362
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	719,197	\$	716,790	\$	814,913	\$	2,023,509	\$	4,274,409

# Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 2,880,362
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	39,798,620
Revenue sharing due from State not received within 60 days of year end is not available currently and is not recorded in the funds	82,065
Special assessment receivables are expected to be collected over several years and are not available to pay for current year expenditures	680,502
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(3,313,790)
Investments in joint ventures are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	293,298
Interest amounts on long-term liabilities are not payable until due in the funds	(20,315)
Internal Service Funds are included as part of governmental activities	 (116,010)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 40,284,732

### Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

		Major Funds			
	•		_	Other	Total
		Coliseum		Nonmajor	Governmental
	General	Drive	Major Roads	Funds	Funds
Revenue					
Property taxes	\$ 2,508,357		\$ -	\$ 464,987	\$ 2,973,344
Special assessments	<b>-</b>	80,756	<b>-</b>	_	80,756
State sources	551,985	-	337,147	85,702	974,834
Local sources	-	-	-	33,541	33,541
License and permits	166,232	-	-	-	166,232
Charges for services	10,627	-	-	655,245	665,872
Fines and forfeitures	21,448	-	-	-	21,448
Interest and other	246,564	84,032	29,060	30,580	390,236
Total revenue	3,505,213	164,788	366,207	1,270,055	5,306,263
Expenditures					
General government	837,211	-	7,717	295,529	1,140,457
Public safety	1,139,841	-	-	=	1,139,841
Public works	528,062	-	182,565	591,190	1,301,817
Parks and recreation	45,436	-	-	-	45,436
Planning and zoning	229,142	_	_	_	229,142
Employee benefits and insurance	783,770	_	_	_	783,770
Debt service		160,056		187,253	347,309
Total expenditures	3,563,462	160,056	190,282	1,073,972	4,987,772
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(58,249)	4,732	175,925	196,083	318,491
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	28,720	-	302,600	585,852	917,172
Transfers out	(195,748)		(76,550)	(654,070)	(926,368)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(167,028)		226,050	(68,218)	(9,196)
Excess of Revenue and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures					
and Other Uses	(225,277)	4,732	401,975	127,865	309,295
Fund Balances - Beginning of period	380,684	31,556	386,548	1,772,279	2,571,067
Fund Balances - End of period	<u>\$ 155,407</u>	\$ 36,288	\$ 788,523	\$ 1,900,144	\$ 2,880,362

### **Governmental Funds**

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	309,295
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation		(2,015,984)
Revenue sharing is recorded in the statement of activities when the revenue is earned; it is not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end		31,166
Special assessment revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when the assessment is set; they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end		(118,838)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)		195,000
Change in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay is recorded when earned in the statement of activities		(53,059)
Payment of landfill post-closure costs is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces the long-term liability)		60,000
Change in the equity interest in the Chelsea Area Construction Agency is not reported in the governmental funds		22,860
Change in the equity interest in the Chelsea Area Fire Authority is not reported in the governmental funds		55,700
Accrued interest payable is recorded when due in governmental funds		19,198
Internal Service Funds are also included as governmental activities		(44,952)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	(1,539,614)

### Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Enterprise Funds - Major Funds						
				Total Major	Internal Service		
	Water	Sewer	Electric	Funds	Fund		
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Receivables:	\$ 506,964	\$ 936,968	\$ 300	\$ 1,444,232	\$ -		
Customers Other	208,932	98,612 -	755,436 -	1,062,980 -	- 2,272		
Due from other governmental units	142,500	107,500	-	250,000	-		
Due from other funds (Note 5)	-	-	-	-	10,458		
Inventories	80,689	-	397,144	477,833	-		
Prepaid costs and other assets		4,533		4,533			
Total current assets	939,085	1,147,613	1,152,880	3,239,578	12,730		
Long-term assets:							
Restricted assets (Note 7)	202,575	233,536	-	436,111	-		
Capital assets (Note 4)	11,731,606	12,357,489	3,277,734	27,366,829	216,397		
Total assets	12,873,266	13,738,638	4,430,614	31,042,518	229,127		
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Current portion of long-term liabilities	416,746	105,648	137,765	660,159	15,966		
Accounts payable	214,716	164,179	544,244	923,139	3,814		
Accrued and other liabilities	70,065	8,439	81,668	160,172	7,290		
Due to other funds (Note 5)	304,214		254,342	558,556	117,636		
Total current liabilities	1,005,741	278,266	1,018,019	2,302,026	144,706		
Long-term liabilities - Net of current							
portion	8,184,999	800,000		8,984,999	47,897		
Total liabilities	9,190,740	1,078,266	1,018,019	11,287,025	192,603		
Net Assets							
Investment in capital assets - Net of							
related debt	3,136,607	11,492,489	3,187,421	17,816,517	152,534		
Restricted for bond reserves/debt service	202,575	233,536	-	436,111	-		
Unrestricted	343,344	934,347	225,174	1,502,865	(116,010)		
Total net assets	\$ 3,682,526	\$ 12,660,372	\$ 3,412,595	\$ 19,755,493	\$ 36,524		

### Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

					Internal Service
	Water	Sewer	Electric	Total Major Funds	Fund
Operating Revenue					
Charges for services Other	\$ 1,673,527 50,719	\$ 916,738 15,385	\$ 7,292,313 77,728	\$ 9,882,578 143,832	\$ 304,370 9,187
Total operating revenue	1,724,246	932,123	7,370,041	10,026,410	313,557
Operating Expenses					
Cost of electricity	-	=	5,855,968	5,855,968	-
Operation and maintenance	303,002	284,361	269,070	856,433	153,547
General and administrative	596,652	489,747	953,919	2,040,318	160,329
Professional/Contractor services	211,160	92,405	189,961	493,526	-
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	458,250	458,250	-
Depreciation and amortization	463,570	494,179	331,777	1,289,526	45,689
Other	39,465	26,723	38,504	104,692	222
Total operating expenses	1,613,849	1,387,415	8,097,449	11,098,713	359,787
Operating Income (Loss)	110,397	(455,292)	(727,408)	(1,072,303)	(46,230)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)					
Property taxes	-	77,596	-	77,596	-
Interest income	6,142	29,812	5,411	41,365	1,278
Interest expense	(305,543)	(51,570)	(20,379)	(377,492)	
Total nonoperating revenue					
(expense)	(299,401)	55,838	(14,968)	(258,531)	1,278
Income (Loss) - Before transfers	(189,004)	(399,454)	(742,376)	(1,330,834)	(44,952)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	75,512	75,512	-
Transfers out	(26,284)	(40,032)		(66,316)	
Total other financing sources					
(uses)	(26,284)	(40,032)	75,512	9,196	-
Capital Contributions					
Donated lines	104,428	108,506	-	212,934	-
Customer connection fees	754,237	590,554	3,500	1,348,291	-
Federal contributions	142,500	107,500		250,000	
Total capital contributions	1,001,165	806,560	3,500	1,811,225	
Change in Net Assets	785,877	367,074	(663,364)	489,587	(44,952)
Net Assets - Beginning of period -					
As restated (Note 11)	2,896,649	12,293,298	4,075,959	19,265,906	81,476
Net Assets - End of period	\$ 3,682,526	\$ 12,660,372	\$ 3,412,595	\$ 19,755,493	\$ 36,524

### Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

	Enterpri			
	Water	Sewer	Electric	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			<b>.</b>	
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,650,934			\$ 315,437
Payments to suppliers	(1,359,237)	(513,316)		(198,931)
Payments to employees	(410,616)	(350,347)	(630,054)	(119,106)
Internal activity - Payments from (to) other funds	14	(315)	(632,480)	83,210
Net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities	(118,905)	65,629	(293,562)	80,610
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Transfers to other funds	(26,284)	(40,032)	-	-
Internal activity - Payments from other funds	304,200			
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital				
financing activities	277,916	(40,032)	_	_
-		(		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		44.000		
Collection of customer assessments (principal and interest)	-	46,980	-	-
Collection of property taxes	-	77,596	-	-
Transfers from other funds	-	-	75,512	-
Connection fees	754,237	590,554	3,500	- 
Purchase of capital assets	(125,813)	(302,373)	(112,997)	(149,461)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	19,617	-	-	63,863
Principal and interest paid on capital debt	(642,730)	(366,570)	(190,684)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital				
and related financing activities	5,311	46,187	(224,669)	(85,598)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest received on investments	6,142	15,057	5,411	1,278
Sale of investment securities		33,067		
Net cash provided by investing activities	6,142	48,124	5,411	1,278
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	170,464	119,908	(512,820)	(3,710)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of period	539,075	876,058	513,120	3,710
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Deginning of period				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of period	<u>\$ 709,539</u>	<u>\$ 995,966</u>	<u>\$ 300</u>	<u> </u>
Balance Sheet Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash				
Cash and investments	\$ 506,964	\$ 936,968	\$ 300	\$ -
Restricted investments (Note 7)	202,575	58,998		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 709,539	\$ 995,966	\$ 300	<u> </u>

## Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

	Enterprise Funds - Major Funds							
								nternal Service
		Water		Sewer		Electric		Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash								
from Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	110,397	\$	(455,292)	\$	(727,408)	\$	(46,230)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash from operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		463,570		494,179		331,777		45,689
Changes in assets and liabilities:		103,370		17 1,177		331,777		13,007
Customer receivables		(73,312)		(2,516)		59,478		1,880
Prepaid and other assets		10,450		567		-		_
Due from other funds		-		_		_		10,574
Inventories		(7,783)		_		78,377		_
Accounts payable		(183,527)		27,644		126,707		(4,255)
Accrued and other liabilities		(438,714)		1,362		11,737		316
Due to other funds		14	_	(315)	_	(174,230)	_	72,636
Net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities	\$	(118,905)	\$	65,629	\$	(293,562)	\$	80,610

**Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities** - During the 16-month period ended June 30, 2005, developers contributed water and sewer lines to the City in the amount of \$104,428 and \$108,506, respectively. These lines were recorded as capital assets.

## Component Units Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	D	owntown	Economic		
	De	velopment	Development		
	Authority		Corporation		Totals
Assets					
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	298,841	\$	893	\$ 299,734
Receivables		203		-	203
Capital assets (Note 4)		2,416,185			 2,416,185
Total assets		2,715,229		893	2,716,122
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		60,003		-	60,003
Accrued and other liabilities		65		-	65
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 6):					
Due within one year		120,000		-	120,000
Due in more than one year		560,000			 560,000
Total liabilities		740,068			 740,068
Net Assets					
Investment in capital assets - Net of					
related debt		1,736,185		-	1,736,185
Unrestricted		238,976		893	 239,869
Total net assets	\$	1,975,161	\$	893	\$ 1,976,054

				Program
	Expenses			Revenues
Downtown Development Authority - Community and economic development	\$	212,150	\$	-
Economic Development Corporation - Community and economic development		386		_
Total governmental activities	\$	212,536	\$	_

General revenues: Property taxes Interest

Total general revenues

**Change in Net Assets** 

**Net Assets** - Beginning of period

Net Assets - End of period

### Component Units Statement of Activities Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes

		in Ne	et Assets	
[	Downtown	Eco	onomic	
D	evelopment	Deve	lopment	
	Authority	Corp	ooration	Total
\$	(212,150)	\$	-	\$ (212,150)
			(386)	 (386)
	(212,150)		(386)	(212,536)
	498,013		-	498,013
_	2,214		3	 2,217
	500,227		3	 500,230
	288,077		(383)	287,694
	1,687,084		1,276	 1,688,360
\$	1,975,161	\$	893	\$ 1,976,054

### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies of the City of Chelsea, Michigan (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City:

### **Reporting Entity**

The City is governed by an elected seven-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legally separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City (see discussion below for description).

### **Blended Component Units**

The City of Chelsea Building Authority is governed by a board that is appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and construct City capital assets.

### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The following component units are reported within the component units column in the financial statements. They are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

- a. The Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority") was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The Authority's governing body, which consists of 13 individuals, is selected by the City president. In addition, the Authority's budget is subject to approval by the City Council.
- b. The Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation") was created to provide means and methods for the encouragement and assistance of industrial and commercial enterprises in relocating, purchasing, constructing, improving, or expanding within the City so as to provide needed services and facilities of such enterprises to the residents of the City. The Corporation's governing body, which consists of nine individuals, is selected by the City president.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Coliseum Drive Fund** - The Coliseum Drive Fund is a Capital Project Fund that was created to account for the construction of the Coliseum Drive, funded through a special assessment.

**Major Roads Fund** - The Major Roads Fund is used to account for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenues that are restricted for use on major roads.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

**Water Fund** - The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the water distribution system, financed primarily by a user charge for the provision of those services.

**Sewer Fund** - The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the sewer collection system, financed primarily by a user charge for the provision of those services.

**Electric Fund** - The Electric Fund accounts for the activities of the electric distribution system, financed primarily by a user charge for the provision of those services.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

**Special Revenue Funds** - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of earmarked revenue or financing activities requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Capital Project Fund** - The Capital Project Fund is used to account for the construction of a new City office building. Revenues consist of interest income on investments and transfers from other funds for debt service.

**Debt Service Funds** - Debt Service Funds are used to account for the annual payment of principal, interest, and expenses in connection with certain long-term debt other than debt payable from the operations of an Enterprise Fund.

**Internal Service Fund** - The Internal Service Fund is used to account for major machinery and equipment purchases and maintenance provided to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Private sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City has elected not to follow private sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water, sewer, and electric functions and various other functions of the City. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relates to charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

### **Property Tax Revenue**

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each July I on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March I of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The 2004 taxable valuation of the City totaled approximately \$194,063,000, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 10.4896 mills for the City's general operating purposes, 1.5594 mills for street improvements, 0.4469 mills for solid waste operations, 0.3900 mills for sewer-related debt service, and 0.3250 mills for Building Authority debt service. The ad valorem taxes levied raised approximately \$1,980,000 for operations (which are net of various refunds and TIFA transfers paid during the period ended June 30, 2005 approximating \$124,000), approximately \$310,000 for street improvements, approximately \$89,000 for solid waste operations, approximately \$65,000 for Building Authority debt service, and approximately \$78,000 for sewer-related debt service. In addition, the General Fund received various payments in lieu of taxes during the period approximating \$529,000. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and Debt Service Fund financial statements as tax revenue.

### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

**Bank Deposits and Investments** - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

**Receivables and Payables** - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

**Inventories** - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis.

**Restricted Assets** - The restricted assets in the Water and Sewer Funds consist of cash and cash equivalents, investments, and property tax and assessments receivable restricted to provide debt service principal and interest.

**Capital Assets** - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

#### Governmental activities:

Roads and sidewalks	II to 50 years
Buildings and improvements	50 years
Vehicles	3 to 15 years
Equipment	5 to 20 years

#### Business-type activities:

/ 1	
Land improvements	20 years
Infrastructure	10 to 50 years
Vehicles	5 to 15 years
Equipment	5 to 10 years
Office equipment	5 to 10 years
Building	20 to 50 years
Water tower	10 to 50 years
Special assessment district	50 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Fund Equity** - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

**Comparative Data** - Comparative data is not included in the City's financial statements.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **Note 2 - Deposits and Investments**

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The City has designated four banks for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the Council in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and CDs, commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, with matures more than 270 days after the date of purchase, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, mutual funds, and investment pools. The City's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

### Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the City had \$3,346,230 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

**Credit Risk** - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Rating
	ф 202.575	<b>N</b> I I
Interlocal Agreement Fund	\$ 202,575	Not rated

### **Note 3 - Receivables/Deferred Revenue**

On the fund-based financial statements, governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, \$680,502 of the deferred revenue balance was comprised of special assessments, which are unavailable in the governmental funds.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

### **Note 4 - Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

	Balance			
	March I,			Balance
	2004	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2005
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated -				
Land	\$ 4,539,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,539,575
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Roads and sidewalks	49,703,632	78,654	-	49,782,286
Buildings and improvements	693,076	-	-	693,076
Vehicles	452,462	68,147	(13,090)	507,519
Equipment	1,272,445	140,010		1,412,455
Subtotal	52,121,615	286,811	(13,090)	52,395,336
Accumulated depreciation:				
Roads and sidewalks	13,431,950	2,006,759	-	15,438,709
Buildings and improvements	291,749	11,991	-	303,740
Vehicles	372,002	39,113	(13,090)	398,025
Equipment	854,657	141,160		995,817
Subtotal	14,950,358	2,199,023	(13,090)	17,136,291
Net capital assets being depreciated	37,171,257	(1,912,212)		35,259,045
Net capital assets	\$ 41,710,832	\$ (1,912,212)	\$ -	\$ 39,798,620

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

### **Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)**

	Balance March I, 2004	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2005
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated -				
Land	\$ 1,784,331	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,784,331
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	45,500	-	-	45,500
Infrastructure	10,315,370	660,759	-	10,976,129
Vehicles	517,107	26,021	-	543,128
Equipment	12,706,576	264,323	-	12,970,899
Office equipment	91,863	-	-	91,863
Building	9,691,916	27,518	-	9,719,434
Water tower	510,306	-	-	510,306
Special assessment district	549,194			549,194
Subtotal	34,427,832	978,621	-	35,406,453
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	30,711	3,033	-	33,744
Infrastructure	3,624,069	328,630	-	3,952,699
Vehicles	334,740	49,996	-	384,736
Equipment	1,488,552	610,527	-	2,099,079
Office equipment	91,271	592	-	91,863
Building	2,800,922	265,926	-	3,066,848
Water tower	82,351	15,611	-	97,962
Special assessment district	82,379	14,645		97,024
Subtotal	8,534,995	1,288,960		9,823,955
Net capital assets being depreciated	25,892,837	(310,339)		25,582,498
Net capital assets	\$ 27,677,168	<u>\$ (310,339)</u>	\$ -	\$ 27,366,829

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

### **Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 11,554
Public safety	21,546
Public works	2,158,294
Recreation and culture	 2,628
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,194,022
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 463,570
Sewer	493,612
Electric	 331,777
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,288,959

Capital asset activity of the City's component units was as follows:

	Balance						Balance	
	March I,			Disposals and		February 29,		
	2004		Α	dditions	Adjustments		2005	
Component Units								
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$	586,737	\$	-	\$	-	\$	586,737
Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Equipment		1,891,530 18,914		60,000 94,060		- -		1,951,530 112,974
Subtotal		1,910,444		154,060		-		2,064,504
Accumulated depreciation:  Land improvements  Equipment		115,720 6,702		104,481 8,153		- -		220,201 14,855
Subtotal		122,422		112,634				235,056
Net capital assets being depreciated		1,788,022		41,426				1,829,448
Net capital assets	\$	2,374,759	\$	41,426	\$		\$	2,416,185

**Construction Commitments** - The City has no active construction projects at year end.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

### Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Due to/from Other Funds		
General Fund	Major Roads Fund	\$ 9,306
	Water Fund	304,200
	Other nonmajor governmental funds	 136,681
Total Ge	neral Fund	450,187
Special Revenue Fund -		
Major Roads Fund	Other nonmajor governmental funds	12,298
Other governmental funds	General Fund	79,642
	Water Fund	14
	Electric Fund	254,342
	Other nonmajor governmental funds	 50,152
Total oth	ner governmental funds	 384,150
Total gov	vernmental funds	846,635
Proprietary fund - Vehicle		
and Equipment Fund	Major Roads Fund	2,483
	Other nonmajor governmental funds	 7,975
Total Ve	hicle and Equipment Fund	 10,458
Total		\$ 857,093

Interfund balances represent routine and temporary cash flow assistance resulting from normal interfund activity until the amounts can be reimbursed between the funds.

#### Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

#### **Interfund Transfers**

						Tran	sfers	Out				
										Other		
			Ma	ajor Roads					Go	overnmental		
	Ge	neral Fund		Fund	W	ater Fund	Se	wer Fund		Funds		Total
Transfers in:												
General Fund (1)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,000	\$	13,720	\$	28,720
Major Roads Fund (1)		-		-		-		-		302,600		302,600
Electric Fund (2)		-		-		-		-		75,512		75,512
Other governmental												
funds (1, 3)		195,748	_	76,550		26,284	_	25,032	_	=	_	323,614
Total	\$	195,748	\$	76,550	\$	26,284	\$	40,032	\$	391,832	\$	730,446

<sup>(</sup>I) Transfer for general operations

#### Note 6 - Long-term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties, and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the City is obligated to provide these resources to cover the deficiency until other resources are received.

<sup>(2)</sup> Transfer for capital outlay

<sup>(3)</sup> Transfer for capital improvements and debt service on municipal building

### **Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

Interest   Maturity   Rade   Maturity   Rade   Reductions   Reductions   Reductions   Radiance   One Year			Principal										
Rate   Ranges   Balance   Additions   Reductions   Balance   One Year		Interest	-		Reginning						Ending	Ъ	ue Within
Covernmental Activities			•			,	\ dditions	ь	aductions		•		
Semeral obligation bonds:   1994 Limited Tax G.O. Bonds:		Nate	Nanges		Dalatice		Additions		eductions	_	Dalalice	_	nie rear
1994 Limited Tax G.O. Bonds: Amount of issue - \$550,000   \$6,696   \$35,000   \$305,000   \$-\$ \$35,000   \$40,000   \$2000 Special Assessment: Limited Tax G.O. Bonds: Amount of issue - \$995,000   \$46,096   \$50,000   \$815,000   \$-\$ \$100,000   \$715,000   \$50,000   \$2000 Limited Tax G.O. Bonds: Amount of issue - \$995,000   \$2,6596   \$30,000   \$970,000   \$-\$ \$60,000   \$910,000   \$30,000   \$	Governmental Activities												
Amount of Issue - \$550,000	General obligation bonds:												
Maturing through 2011	1994 Limited Tax G.O. Bonds:												
Description   Color	Amount of issue - \$550,000	5.60% -	\$35,000 -										
Limited Tax G.O. Bonds:	Maturing through 2011	6.20%	\$50,000	\$	305,000	\$	-	\$	35,000	\$	270,000	\$	40,000
Amount of issue - \$905,000	2000 Special Assessment:												
Maturing through 2021   5.50% \$50,000 815,000 - 100,000 715,000 50,000 2002 Limited Tax G.O. Bonds: Amount of issue \$7995,000 2.65% - \$30,000 - 970,000 - 60,000 910,000 30,000	Limited Tax G.O. Bonds:												
Amount of issue - \$750,000	Amount of issue - \$905,000	4.60% -	\$45,000 -										
Amount of issue - \$750,000	Maturing through 2021	5.50%	\$50,000		815,000		_		100,000		715,000		50,000
Maturing through 2022   5.15% \$80,000 970,000   - 60,000 910,000 30,000   Installment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$79,829   3.99%   \$15,966   - 79,829   15,966 63,863   15,966   Accumulated compensated absences   - 80,000   - 80,	5 5				•						•		ŕ
Maturing through 2022   5.15% \$80,000 970,000   - 60,000 910,000 30,000   Installment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$79,829   3.99%   \$15,966   - 79,829   15,966 63,863   15,966   Accumulated compensated absences   - 80,000   - 80,	Amount of issue - \$995,000	2.65% -	\$30.000 -										
Installment purchase agreements:					970.000		_		60.000		910.000		30.000
Amount of issue - \$79,829   3.99%   15,966   - 79,829   15,966   63,863   15,966   Accumulated compensated absences   161,866   53,061   - 214,927   125,000   1,200,000   - 60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   60,000   1,140,000   1	5 5		*,		,				,		,		,
Maturing through 2009         \$15,966		3.99%											
Accumulated compensated absences Landfill postclosure care costs 161,866 53,061 - 214,927 60,000 60,000 1,140,000 60,000		3.7770	\$15,966		_		79 829		15 966		63.863		15 966
Total governmental activities   \$3,451,866   \$132,890   \$270,966   \$3,313,790   \$320,966   \$320,9	5 5		Ψ.ο,ο		161 866		*						
Total governmental activities \$ 3,451,866 \$ 132,890 \$ 270,966 \$ 3,313,790 \$ 320,966 \$ 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8													
Susiness-type Activities   Susiness-type	Landini postciosare care costs				1,200,000	_			00,000		1,110,000	_	00,000
Business-type Activities General obligation bonds: 1993 Unlimited Tax G.O. Bonds: Amount of issue - \$1,450,000	Total governmental												
General obligation bonds:   1993 Unlimited Tax G.O. Bonds:	activities			\$	3,451,866	\$	132,890	\$	270,966	\$	3,313,790	\$	320,966
General obligation bonds:   1993 Unlimited Tax G.O. Bonds:	Business-type Activities												
1993 Unlimited Tax G.O. Bonds:													
Amount of issue - \$1,450,000 Maturing through 2008 1993 Limited Tax G.O. Bonds: Amount of issue - \$750,000 Maturing through 2008 4,60% - \$65,000 - Maturing through 2008 4,90% \$75,000 280,000 - 70,000 210,000 65,000 1994 Special Assessment Bonds: Amount of issue - \$510,000 Maturing through 2013 6,45% \$25,000 Maturing through 2013 6,45% \$25,000 Maturing through 2013 6,45% \$25,000 Maturing through 2015 System Revenue Bonds: Amount of issue - \$550,000 Maturing through 2015 6,50% \$50,000 Maturing through 2015 6,50% \$50,000 Maturing through 2016 6,50% \$50,000 Maturing through 2016 6,50% \$50,000 Maturing through 2013 As been drawn down, maturing through 2023 1nstallment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$435,000 Maturing through 2018 4,80% \$90,312 Accumulated compensated absences  Total business-type	S .												
Maturing through 2008	_	4 60%	\$150,000										
1993 Limited Tax G.O. Bonds:				¢	630,000	¢		¢	150,000	¢	480 000	¢	150 000
Amount of issue - \$750,000	5 5	4.7070	φ170,000	Ψ	030,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	130,000	Ψ	400,000	Ψ	130,000
Maturing through 2008       4.90%       \$75,000       280,000       -       70,000       210,000       65,000         1994 Special Assessment Bonds:       Amount of issue - \$\$10,000       5.90% - \$20,000 -       -       95,000       175,000       25,000         Maturing through 2013       6.45%       \$25,000       270,000       -       95,000       175,000       25,000         Revenue bonds - 1995 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds:       -       <	_	4.400/	<b>\$45,000</b>										
1994 Special Assessment Bonds:	• •				200,000				70 000		210,000		4E 000
Amount of issue - \$510,000		4.7070	\$75,000		260,000		-		70,000		210,000		65,000
Maturing through 2013 6.45% \$25,000 270,000 - 95,000 175,000 25,000  Revenue bonds - 1995 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds:  Amount of issue - \$550,000 6.00% - \$25,000 - Maturing through 2015 6.50% \$50,000 400,000 - 25,000 375,000 25,000  2000 Michigan Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program, \$9,200,000 available to be drawn, of which \$8,961,230 has been drawn down, maturing through 2023 2.50% \$385,000 8,575,382 19,618 375,000 8,220,000 385,000  Installment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$435,000 \$83,157 - Maturing through 2018 4.80% \$90,312 260,618 170,306 90,312 90,312  Accumulated compensated absences 105,076 - 10,230 94,846 94,846	•	F 000/	¢20.000										
Revenue bonds - 1995 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds:  Amount of issue - \$550,000 6.00% - \$25,000 - Maturing through 2015 6.50% \$50,000 400,000 - 25,000 375,000 25,000  2000 Michigan Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program, \$9,200,000 available to be drawn, of which \$8,961,230 has been drawn down, maturing through 2023 2.50% \$385,000 8,575,382 19,618 375,000 8,220,000 385,000  Installment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$435,000 \$83,157 - Maturing through 2018 4.80% \$90,312 260,618 170,306 90,312 90,312  Accumulated compensated absences  Total business-type					270.000				05 000		175 000		25.000
System Revenue Bonds:     Amount of issue - \$550,000	5 5	6.45%	\$25,000		270,000		-		95,000		175,000		25,000
Amount of issue - \$550,000 6.00% - \$25,000 - Maturing through 2015 6.50% \$50,000 400,000 - 25,000 375,000 25,000 2000 Michigan Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program, \$9,200,000 available to be drawn, of which \$8,961,230 has been drawn down, maturing through 2023 2.50% \$385,000 8,575,382 19,618 375,000 8,220,000 385,000 Installment purchase agreements:  Amount of issue - \$435,000 \$83,157 - Maturing through 2018 4.80% \$90,312 260,618 170,306 90,312 90,312 Accumulated compensated absences 105,076 - 10,230 94,846 94,846	• • •												
Maturing through 2015 6.50% \$50,000 400,000 - 25,000 375,000 25,000 2000 Michigan Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program, \$9,200,000 available to be drawn, of which \$8,961,230 has been drawn down, maturing through 2023 2.50% \$385,000 8,575,382 19,618 375,000 8,220,000 385,000 Installment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$435,000 \$83,157 - Maturing through 2018 4.80% \$90,312 260,618 170,306 90,312 90,312 Accumulated compensated absences 105,076 - 10,230 94,846 94,846  Total business-type		4 0004	<b>#25.000</b>										
2000 Michigan Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program, \$9,200,000 available to be drawn, of which \$8,961,230 has been drawn down, maturing through 2023  Installment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$435,000 Maturing through 2018  Accumulated compensated absences  Total business-type  **Total business-type**  **Total			' '		400.000				25.000		375 000		25.000
Revolving Fund Program, \$9,200,000 available to be drawn, of which \$8,961,230 has been drawn down, maturing through 2023  Installment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$435,000 Maturing through 2018  Accumulated compensated absences  Total business-type  \$125,000 - \$125,000 - \$385,000  8,575,382  19,618  375,000  8,220,000  385,000  19,618  170,306  90,312  90,312  90,312  90,312	5 5	6.50%	\$50,000		400,000		-		25,000		3/5,000		25,000
\$9,200,000 available to be drawn, of which \$8,961,230 has been drawn down, maturing through 2023  1.50% \$385,000 8,575,382 19,618 375,000 8,220,000 385,000  Installment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$435,000 Maturing through 2018  4.80% \$90,312 260,618 170,306 90,312 90,312  Accumulated compensated absences  Total business-type													
drawn, of which \$8,961,230 has been drawn down, maturing through 2023  1.50% \$385,000 8,575,382 19,618 375,000 8,220,000 385,000  Installment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$435,000 Maturing through 2018  4.80% \$90,312 260,618 170,306 90,312 90,312  Accumulated compensated absences  Total business-type													
has been drawn down, maturing through 2023 2.50% \$385,000 8,575,382 19,618 375,000 8,220,000 385,000  Installment purchase agreements: Amount of issue - \$435,000 \$83,157 - Maturing through 2018 4.80% \$90,312 260,618 170,306 90,312 90,312  Accumulated compensated absences 105,076 - 10,230 94,846 94,846  Total business-type													
maturing through 2023     2.50%     \$385,000     8,575,382     19,618     375,000     8,220,000     385,000       Installment purchase agreements:     Amount of issue - \$435,000     \$83,157 -     170,306     90,312     90,312       Maturing through 2018     4.80%     \$90,312     260,618     170,306     90,312     90,312       Accumulated compensated absences     105,076     -     10,230     94,846     94,846       Total business-type	• • •												
Installment purchase agreements:   Amount of issue - \$435,000   \$83,157 -	*												
Amount of issue - \$435,000 \$83,157 -  Maturing through 2018 4.80% \$90,312 260,618 170,306 90,312 90,312  Accumulated compensated absences 105,076 - 10,230 94,846 94,846  Total business-type	5 5	2.50%	\$385,000		8,575,382		19,618		375,000		8,220,000		385,000
Maturing through 2018       4.80%       \$90,312       260,618       170,306       90,312       90,312         Accumulated compensated absences       105,076       -       10,230       94,846       94,846	. •												
Accumulated compensated absences 105,076 - 10,230 94,846 94,846  Total business-type	Amount of issue - \$435,000												
Total business-type	Maturing through 2018	4.80%	\$90,312		260,618				170,306		90,312		90,312
···	Accumulated compensated absences			_	105,076	_		_	10,230	_	94,846	_	94,846
···	Total business-type												
	activities			\$	10,521,076	\$	19,618	<u>\$</u>	895,536	\$	9,645,158	\$	835,158

#### **Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bond and note obligations are as follows:

		Gov	overnmental Activities					Business-type Activities							
	_	Principal		Interest		Total	_	Principal		Interest		Total			
2006	\$	135,966	\$	96,527	\$	232,493	\$	740,312	\$	257,207	\$	997,519			
2007		140,965		90,286		231,251		685,000		239,182		924,182			
2008		145,966		82,989		228,955		700,000		214,307		914,307			
2009		150,966		76,640		227,606		465,000		194,986		659,986			
2010		140,000		68,873		208,873		480,000		181,123		661,123			
2011-2015		535,000		256,155		791,155		2,565,000		685,076		3,250,076			
2016-2020		555,000		128,009		683,009		2,590,000		330,539		2,920,539			
2021-2023	_	155,000		12,066		167,066	_	1,325,000	_	41,820	_	1,366,820			
Total	\$	1,958,863	\$	811,545	\$	2,770,408	\$	9,550,312	\$	2,144,240	\$	11,694,552			

In prior years, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the general purpose financial statements. At June 30, 2005, \$600,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Landfill Postclosure Care Costs - State and federal laws and regulations require the City to perform some remediation to the landfill site and to place a final cover on the landfill, as it no longer has the capacity to accept solid waste. Additionally, the City is required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. As of February 28, 1995, all costs of closure have been incurred. Future monitoring costs are estimated by the City to approximate \$60,000 per year and the cost attributable to the remaining 20 years has been recorded as long-term debt. The City currently maintains a letter of credit in the amount of \$380,000 in favor of the Michigan Department of Natural Resources to be used to fund monitoring and remediation costs if they are not completed by the City. The City does not anticipate that the State of Michigan will utilize these funds.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

### **Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

**Component Units** - Long-term obligation activity for the component units can be summarized as follows:

		Principal										
	Interest	Maturity	E	Beginning						Ending	D	ue Within
	Rate	Ranges		Balance	Ad	ditions	R	eductions		Balance	0	ne Year
General obligation bonds:												
1991 Downtown Development Limited												
Tax G.O. Bonds:												
Amount of issue - \$995,000												
Maturing through 2005	5.00%	\$125,000	\$	125,000	\$	-	\$	125,000	\$	-	\$	-
2000 Downtown Development Limited												
Tax G.O. Bonds:												
Amount of issue - \$995,000	4.90% -	\$55,000 -										
Maturing through 2011	5.20%	\$150,000		850,000			_	170,000	_	680,000	_	120,000
Total component units			\$	975,000	\$		\$	295,000	\$	680,000	\$	120,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above component unit bond and note obligations are as follows:

	Principal			nterest		Total
2006	\$	120,000	\$	34,718	\$	154,718
2007	·	130,000	·	28,718	•	158,718
2008		135,000		22,153		157,153
2009		145,000		15,268		160,268
2010		150,000		7,800		157,800
Total	\$	680,000	\$	108,657	\$	788,657

**No Commitment Debt** - Excluded from the City's financial statements are bonds issued by the Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the City of Chelsea, Michigan. The amount of bonds outstanding at December 31, 2004, the most recent audit, totaled \$17,495,000.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

#### **Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

The Corporation is organized pursuant to State of Michigan Act. No. 338 of 1974, as amended. The primary purpose of the Corporation is to encourage and assist commercial and industrial enterprises to locate and expand facilities and services to the City of Chelsea, Michigan and its residents. This purpose is accomplished by the issuance of Limited Obligation Revenue Bonds by the Corporation. The Corporation issues Limited Obligation Revenue Bonds and, in effect, loans the bond proceeds to commercial and industrial enterprises to finance the cost of projects to be used by such enterprises. The bonds are sometimes, but not always, collateralized by a mortgage on the project or sale/leaseback documentation. In return, the benefited enterprise agrees to pay loan repayments or lease rental in amounts sufficient to pay debt service on the bonds.

The bonds issued by the Corporation are payable solely from the net revenue derived from the respective projects.

#### **Note 7 - Restricted Assets**

The balances of the restricted asset accounts in the business-type activities are as follows:

	Business-type Activities									
	Water	Sewer	Total							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 202,575	\$ 58,998	\$ 261,573							
Assessments receivable	-	173,492	173,492							
Property tax receivable		1,046	1,046							
Total restricted assets	\$ 202,575	\$ 233,536	<u>\$ 436,111</u>							

These assets are restricted for debt payments.

Current liability payable from restricted assets consists of the current portion of bonds payable relating to the construction of the Freer Road Sanitary Sewer System in the amount of \$175,000.

#### **Note 8 - Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for medical claims, and participates in the Michigan Municipal League Liability and Property Pool for claims relating to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, workers' compensation, and unemployment compensation. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League Liability and Property Pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

#### Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postretirement Benefits

**Plan Description** - The City participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MMERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The system provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. MMERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to MMERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, MI 48917.

**Funding Policy** - The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by resolution of the City Council and negotiation with the City's competitive bargaining units.

Annual Pension Costs - For the sixteen-month period ended June 30, 2005, the City's annual pension cost of \$366,868 for the plan was equal to the required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of actuarial valuations at December 31, 2002 and 2003, using the entry age cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include: (a) an 8 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent to 8.66 percent per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit, and (c) the assumption that benefits will increase 2.5 percent per year (annually) after retirement, for certain retirees. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 4.5 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percent of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period ranges from 26 to 28 years.

# Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postretirement Benefits (Continued)

Three-year trend information is as follows:

	Sixteen- month Period									
		Ended								
		June 30	F	iscal Year En	dec	l February				
		2005		2004	2003					
Annual pension costs (APC) Percentage of APC contributed	\$	366,868 100%	\$	271,348 100%	\$	232,515 100%				
			De	ecember 31						
		2004		2003	2002					
Actuarial value of assets Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$	4,685,122	\$	4,405,088	\$	3,967,472				
(entry age)	\$	7,963,857	\$	7,162,947	\$	6,182,505				
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	\$	3,278,735	\$	2,757,859	\$	2,215,033				
Funded ratio		59%		61%		64%				
Covered payroll	\$	1,464,496	\$	1,497,799	\$	1,675,048				
UAAL as a percentage of covered										
payroll		224%		184%		132%				

#### **Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

The City provides pension benefits to all of its full-time employees hired after September 9, 1997 and full-time employees hired prior to September 9, 1997 who elect to convert to this plan from the defined benefit pension plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. As established by resolution of the City Council and negotiation with the City's competitive bargaining units, the City contributes 7 percent of employees' gross earnings. Employees may contribute to the plan additional amounts on an after-tax basis. In accordance with these requirements, the City contributed \$107,231 and employees contributed \$16,004 during the current year.

# Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postretirement Benefits (Continued)

**Postemployment Benefits** - The City provides health care benefits to all full-time employees upon retirement, in accordance with labor contracts and City Council resolution. Currently, nine retirees are eligible. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents in its insured health care plan, with a contribution required by the participant. Expenditures for postemployment health care benefits are recognized as the insurance premiums become due; during the year, this amounted to approximately \$61,000.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement Number 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new rule will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2009.

#### **Note 10 - Joint Ventures**

The City is a member of the Chelsea Area Fire Authority (the "Fire Authority"), which provides services to the residents of the City of Chelsea, the Township of Lima, the Township of Lyndon, the Township of Sylvan, and the Township of Waterloo. The Fire Authority began operations in June 1999, and the participating communities provide annual funding for its operations. During the current year, the City contributed approximately \$267,000 for its operations. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements for the Chelsea Area Fire Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices at 200 West Middle, Chelsea, Michigan 48118.

#### **Note 10 - Joint Ventures (Continued)**

The City is also a member of the Chelsea Area Construction Agency (the "Agency"), which provides building, electrical, mechanical, and plumbing permits, along with other related services, to the residents of the City of Chelsea, the Township of Dexter, the Township of Lima, the Township of Lyndon, the Township of Sylvan, and the Township of Sharon. The Agency began operations in March 2000 and is a self-funded operation. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements for the Chelsea Area Construction Agency can be obtained from the administrative offices at 18027 Old U.S. 12, Suite 100, Chelsea, Michigan 48118.

The investments in joint ventures are recorded in the statement of net assets as follows:

Chelsea Area Fire Authority	\$ 160,370
Chelsea Area Construction Agency	132,928
Total	\$ 293,298

#### **Note II - Restatement of Net Assets**

During the year, the City corrected its accounting for capital assets in the Electric Fund. As a result, beginning of the year net assets were restated as follows:

	Electric Fund
Net assets - February 28, 2004, as previously reported	\$ 3,764,209
Capital assets - Net	311,750
Net assets - February 28, 2004, as restated	\$ 4,075,959

### **Note 12 - Contingencies**

During 1998, the City was contacted by the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality regarding possible groundwater contamination as a result of a closed municipal landfill. Financial responsibility, if any, for resulting damages will be shared with surrounding townships. The likelihood of loss cannot yet be determined; however, based on investigation by the City's consultants, contamination of the groundwater was not apparent.



### Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

	Original Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget	
Revenue				
Property taxes:				
Real and personal property taxes	\$ 2,159,445	\$ 2,160,135	\$ 1,978,926	\$ (181,209)
Payments in lieu of taxes	458,250	528,756	529,431	675
Total property taxes	2,617,695	2,688,891	2,508,357	(180,534)
State sources:				
Revenue sharing	505,000	505,000	546,896	41,896
Liquor license fees	4,600	5,000	5,089	89
Total state sources	509,600	510,000	551,985	41,985
Licenses and permits:				
Building permits	55,000	55,000	49,581	(5,419)
Zoning changes	97,000	117,300	116,651	(649)
Total licenses and permits	152,000	172,300	166,232	(6,068)
Charges for services:				
Recycling	2,300	5,200	5,764	564
Other	21,700	12,000	4,863	(7,137)
Total charges for services	24,000	17,200	10,627	(6,573)
Fines and forfeitures	28,000	28,000	21,448	(6,552)
Interest	25,000	28,000	30,184	2,184
Other revenue:				
Reimbursement	65,000	124,000	142,801	18,801
Sale of property	-	6,000	6,000	-
Other	46,800	54,800	67,579	12,779
Total other revenue	111,800	184,800	216,380	31,580
Transfers in	15,000	15,000	28,720	13,720
Total revenue	\$ 3,483,095	\$ 3,644,191	\$ 3,533,933	\$ (110,258)

## Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued) Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

	0.1	Amended Opinical Budget Budget Actual								
	<u>Ori</u>	ginal Budget		Budget		Actual	Budget			
Expenditures										
General government:										
Village Council	\$	24,700	\$	24,700	\$	23,788	\$	912		
Executive		184,300		189,000		188,467		533		
Elections		13,200		12,500		10,525		1,975		
General and administrative		564,350		629,852		603,248		26,604		
Other		89,845		85,845		85,028		817		
Total general government		876,395		941,897		911,056		30,841		
Public safety:										
Police		1,025,600		1,151,440		1,120,422		31,018		
Civil defense		19,000		19,500		19,419		81		
Total public safety		1,044,600		1,170,940		1,139,841		31,099		
Public works:										
Department of Public Works		525,200		565,820		620,684		(54,864)		
Recycling		31,000		31,000		29,281		1,719		
Total public works		556,200		596,820		649,965		(53,145)		
Parks and recreation		54,600		54,600		45,436		9,164		
Planning and zoning		248,300		247,250		229,142		18,108		
Employee benefits and insurance		703,000		789,000		783,770		5,230		
Total expenditures	\$	3,483,095	\$	3,800,507	\$	3,759,210	\$	41,297		

### Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund Major Roads Fund Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

	Original Budget		 Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenues							
State sources	\$	330,000	\$ 331,200	\$ 337,147	\$	5,947	
Interest and other		7,000	21,000	29,060		8,060	
Transfers in		302,600	 302,600	 302,600			
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	639,600	\$ 654,800	\$ 668,807	\$	14,007	
Expenditures							
Construction	\$	141,100	\$ 47,000	\$ 62,094	\$	(15,094)	
Routine maintenance		60,500	70,500	73,476		(2,976)	
Traffic services		9,350	8,850	6,793		2,057	
Winter maintenance		19,400	19,550	18,841		709	
Professional services		1,200	1,200	1,030		170	
Surface maintenance		1,000	1,000	30		970	
Sweeping and flushing		1,800	1,800	2,568		(768)	
Trees and shrubs		300	300	561		(261)	
Drainage and backsloping		1,500	1,700	511		1,189	
Traffic signs and signals		2,760	5,960	7,149		(1,189)	
Winter		4,400	10,750	10,542		208	
Miscellaneous		3,240	6,800	6,687		113	
Transfers out			 	 76,550		(76,550)	
Total expenditures	\$	246,550	\$ 175,410	\$ 266,832	\$	(91,422)	

## Note to Required Supplemental Information Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

**Budgetary Information** - The annual budgets are prepared by the City manager and adopted by the City Council; subsequent amendments are approved by the City Council. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2005 is not known. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The budgets have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds, with the exception that operating transfers have been included in the "revenue" and/or "expenditures" categories, rather than as "other financing sources (uses)."

The budgets have been adopted on an activity basis; expenditures at this level in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. Comparison of actual results of operations to the budgets of the General Fund and Major Roads Fund, as adopted by the City Council, are included in the required supplemental information of the basic financial statements. A comparison of the actual results of operations to the nonmajor Special Revenue Funds budgets, as adopted by the City, is available at the City offices for inspection.

**Excess of Expenditures Over Budgeted Amounts** - The City had the following significant expenditure budget overruns:

	A	mended			
		Budget	 Actual	Variance	
General Fund - Public works (1)	\$	565,820	\$ 620,684	\$	(54,864)
Major Roads Fund:					
Construction (1)		47,000	62,094		(15,094)
Operating transfers out (2)		-	76,550		(76,550)

- (I) Variance resulting from additional construction expenses related to road improvements
- (2) Variance resulting from transfers for street improvements

## **Other Supplemental Information**

							Spec	ial Revenue
		Local Municipal Road Emerger Roads Fund 911						rug Law orcement
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	_	\$	527,682	\$	124,654	\$	40,842
Receivables:			·		·			
Taxes		-		4,185		-		-
Customers		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		79,183		50,165		-		-
Due from other governmental units		10,283						
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	89,466	\$	582,032	<u>\$</u>	124,654	\$	40,842
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,804	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued and other liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		89,466						
Total liabilities		89,466		1,804		-		-
Fund Balances								
Reserved:								
Streets and highways		-		580,228		-		-
Law enforcement		-		-		124,654		40,842
Solid waste activities		-		-		-		-
Storm water utility								
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Unreserved and undesignated					_			
Total fund balances				580,228		124,654		40,842
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	89,466	\$	582,032	\$	124,654	<u>\$</u>	40,842

## Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

Fun	ds			Cap	•		ebt Service Fund				
										•	Total
											Nonmajor
	Capital	Sc	olid Waste	Sto	rm Water	1	<b>M</b> unicipal		Building	Go	vernmental
Cd	ntingency		Facility		Utility		Building		Authority		Funds
	6/				,	-					
\$	117,712	\$	149,233	\$	43,518	\$	266,069	\$	336,100	\$	1,605,810
			1,199				_		872		6,256
	_		11,538		_		_		-		11,538
	254,328		474		_		_		_		384,150
	234,320		5,472		_		_		_		15,755
_		_	3,172	_		_		_		_	13,733
\$	372,040	\$	167,916	\$	43,518	\$	266,069	\$	336,972	\$	2,023,509
\$	-	\$	8,847	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	376	\$	12,027
	-		21,305		563		-		-		21,868
	_						-		4		89,470
	-		30,152		1,563		-		380		123,365
	-		-		-		-		-		580,228
	-		-		-		-		-		165,496
	-		137,764		-		-		-		137,764
					41,955						41,955
	-		-		-		-		336,592		336,592
_	372,040			_			266,069	_			638,109
	372,040		137,764		41,955		266,069		336,592	_	1,900,144
\$	372,040	\$	167,916	\$	43,518	\$	266,069	\$	336,972	\$	2,023,509

						Spec	ial Revenue
	 Local Roads	Municipal Road Fund		Emergency 911			rug Law orcement
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	310,905	\$	-	\$	-
State sources	85,702		-		-		-
Local sources	-		-		33,541		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-
Interest and other	 6		8,678		1,691		775
Total revenue	85,708		319,583		35,232		775
Expenditures							
General government	1,030		-		-		1,210
Public works:							
Street construction	86,092		-		-		-
Street routine maintenance	158,242		-		_		-
Traffic services	9,181		-		_		_
Winter maintenance	36,449		-		_		-
Operation and maintenance	 				27		
Total public works	289,964		-		27		-
Debt service	 						
Total expenditures	 290,994				27		1,210
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)							
Expenditures	(205,286)		319,583		35,205		(435)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	198,453		-		-		-
Transfers out	 		(316,320)				
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	 198,453		(316,320)				
Excess of Revenue and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)							
Expenditures and Other Uses	(6,833)		3,263		35,205		(435)
Fund Balances - Beginning of period	 6,833		576,965	_	89,449		41,277
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of period	\$ 	\$	580,228	\$	124,654	\$	40,842

### Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Sixteen-month Period Ended June 30, 2005

Fund	ls				Сар	oital Project Fund	De	ebt Service Funds	-	
Capital Contingency		olid Waste Facility	Storm Water Utility		Municipal Building			Building Authority		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$ 89,007	\$	-	\$	-	\$	65,075	\$	464,987
	-	-		-		-		-		85,702
	-	-		-		-		-		33,541
	-	486,410		168,835		-		-		655,245
	7,125	 7,920		116		1,837		2,432		30,580
	7,125	583,337		168,951		1,837		67,507		1,270,055
	59	288,550		-		4,680		-		295,529
	_	_		_		_		_		86,092
	_	_		_		_		_		158,242
	_	_		_		_		_		9,181
	_	_		_		_		_		36,449
	-	240,795		60,404		_		-		301,226
	_	240,795		60,404		-		_		591,190
						125,410		61,843		187,253
_	59	 529,345		60,404		130,090		61,843		1,073,972
	7,066	53,992		108,547		(128,253)		5,664		196,083
	262,238	_		_		125,161		_		585,852
	(337,750)	 							-	(654,070)
	(75,512)	 				125,161				(68,218)
	(68,446)	53,992		108,547		(3,092)		5,664		127,865
	440,486	83,772		(66,592)		269,161		330,928		1,772,279
\$	372,040	\$ 137,764	\$	41,955	\$	266,069	\$	336,592	\$	1,900,144